

## Links between Biomass of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) Roots Cuticle and Elevation along Elevation Gradient by Big Data of long-time wild investigation in *Mei County*

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(*Cremastraappendiculata*) of treating lumbago and arthritis only is a vitalmedicinal material plant, but also it is a widely distributed wide plant species. This plant species is widely distributed elevation from 500m to 3100m inforest landscapes and vegetation ecosystems in *Mei County*of China. However, understanding dynamics ofbiomass of roots cuticle of this species is difficult along elevation. This research explained that the linksbetween biomass of roots cuticle of this species and elevation is the significant positive correlation from 500m to 1500m (P<0.01) as well asthe linksbetweenbiomass of roots cuticle of this species and elevationare the significant negativecorrelationfrom 1500m to 3100m(P<0.01). This study provides six ecosystem types and aseries fareas ecological adaptation for finding new medicinal species. Therefore, thisstudy has vital theoretical and practical significance for medicinal plantprotection along elevation gradient and changing of environmental factors at the spatial-temporal-environmental-disturbance scales (STEDS)

Key Words: biomass of roots cuticle; elevation; correlation; areas ecological adaptation; medicinal species.

#### Introduction

More and moreresearchhas assessed the correlationamong biomass(average height, numbers, biodiversity, structure) of plant species and elevation from biomass (average height, numbers. biodiversity, structure) of the medicinal plant perspective(Table 1)<sup>1-11</sup>, for better future of humanhealth (ecosystems)<sup>6-14</sup>. However, medicinal species with typical history spanning over 1500 years, as well as areas ecological adaptation of a lot of fresh biomass weight of medical species are unknown, and cognitive ecological theory of the linksbetween fresh biomass weight medicinal species and elevation and environments<sup>12-19</sup>.

Thus, understanding these medical values of medicinal plant spices, as well as the links between of fresh biomass weight of medical species of different areas ecological adaptation and elevation is a vital rule along elevation at the spatial-temporal-environmental-disturbance scales (STEDS).

(*Cremastraappendiculata*)not only is vitalmedicinal materialof treating lumbago and arthritis, but also is widely distributed wide speciein *Mei County* of China. This specieis belonging to *Cremastra*genus of Orchidaceaefamilies of Monocotyledoneae in Angiospermae. Understandingdynamics of biomass of roots cuticleof this species is unknown,however.Indeed, our research not only explained that there are linksbetween biomass of roots cuticleof this species and elevation, but also explained that this species is a key plantoftreating lumbago and arthritis by better health.

Therefore, there are vital rules that the correlations between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation in the vegetation landscapes of *Mei County* of China.



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## Abbreviation: STEDS, the spatial-temporal-environmental-disturbance scales.

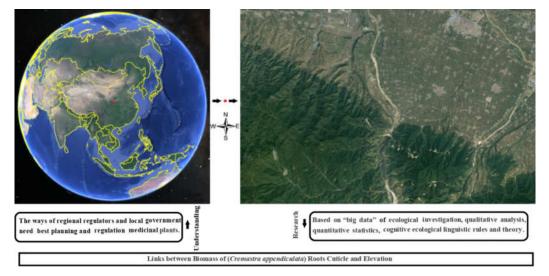
Table1:Links between medicinal plantstructurenumber (biomass, height) and elevation

Links between medicinal plantstructure number (biomass, height) and elevation Authors

Links between elevation environments and numbers of plant species at STEDS. Liao, et al., 2010 <sup>1</sup> .	
Links between biomassof medicinalherband elevation in wetland landscape. Liao, et al., 2011a <sup>2</sup> .	
Links between plant functional number and elevation in forest landscape. Liao, et al.,2011b <sup>3</sup> .	
Links between plant functional number and elevation in near-natural forests. Liao, et al.,2014a <sup>4</sup> .	
Links between herbs number and disturbance of different elevation in wetland. Chen, et al., 2019 <sup>5</sup> .	
Links between number of medicinaltree species and elevation in forestation. Liao, et al., 2019a <sup>6</sup> .	
Links between number of medicinal tree trunk volume and elevation at STEDS. Liao, et al., 2019b <sup>7</sup> .	
Links between height of medicinal treeand elevation in the natural landscape. Liao, et al., 2019c <sup>8</sup> .	
Links between number of tree community crown volume and elevation in forest. Liao, et al., 2019d <sup>9</sup> .	
Links between number of tree individual specie's crown volume and elevation. Liao, et al., 2019e <sup>10</sup>	)
Links between herbs number and different disturbance of different elevation. Liao, 2014 b <sup>11</sup> .	

## Typical environmental condition, situation of typicalvegetation and methods of research

Typical area is local inthreezones:firstly, evergreen vegetation of north subtropical zone; secondly,evergreen and deciduous coniferous and broad-leaved mixed forestof north subtropical and warm temperate transition;thirdly, deciduous vegetation ofwarm temperate zone in Earth. Thus, our research area is local in evergreen and deciduous coniferous and broad-leaved mixed forest in north subtropical and warm temperate transitionin *Mei County* China (Figure 1).



# Figure 1: A Digital Cadaster Map and Research Methods of Typical Location along different gradient in *Mei County* of *Shan-xi Province* China of Earth.

There are long-time investigation of the correlations among biomass of roots cuticle of medicinal plantspecies and elevation from 2005 to 2019. Investigation of "big data" included that biomass of roots cuticleor other vital ecological indexof medicinal plantspecies along different elevation and environmental gradient by the previous of our researches at STEDS<sup>2-12</sup>.

Thus, there is the links between moisture contents of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) roots cuticle and elevation, as well as there is a series of (good, better, best) naturallandscapes areas ecological adaptation of different elevation of this medical plant species by the "bigdata" of the ecological



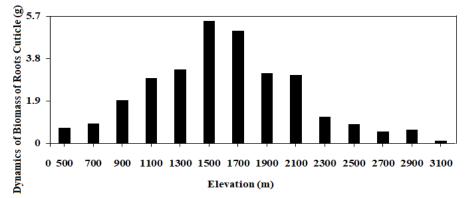
investigation, qualitative analysis, quantitative statistics, human cognitive ecological linguistic rules, theories, methods and ways along elevation and environmental gradient at STEDS<sup>5-25</sup>.

## **Results and Analysis**

Based on "big data" of plant investigation, this species is a widely distributed wide species along elevation from 500m to 3100m. (*Cremastraappendiculata*) is a widely distributed along the different elevation from 500m to 3100m in *Mei County* of China. However, understanding the elevation effect on the links between biomass of roots cuticle of this plant species and elevation is very difficult, because elevation effect on biomass of roots cuticle of medicinal species<sup>2-14,20-26</sup>.

Using the dynamics of "big data" investigation, this research suggested there are fourrules:

Firstly, thisresearch suggested that there isnot onlythe increasing of freshbiomass weight of(*Cremastraappendiculata*) with increasing of elevation from 500m to 1500m, as well as there are but alsodecreasing of biomass of roots cuticle of(*Cremastraappendiculata*) with increasing of elevation from 1500m to 3100mat the STEDSin *Mei County* of China (Figure 2).



## Figure2: Dynamics of Biomass of Roots Cuticle of Cremastraappendiculataalong Elevation

Secondly, this study explained that there is the significant positive correlation between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation from 500m to 1500m (P<0.01), as well as there is the significant negative correlation between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation from 1500m to 3100m in *Mei County*(P<0.01)(Table2).

Elevation (m)	Elevation From 500m to 1500m	Elevation From 150m to 3100m
Biomass of Roots cuticle	0.944**	-0.958**
Note: **, P<0.01.		

Table2:Correlation between Biomass of Roots Cuticle of this Species and Elevation

Thirdly, ecological this research provides agoodareas adaptationof (Cremastraappendiculata) from 500m to 3100 in Mei County in China. Meanwhile, this research proposed that there is not only the better areaecological adaptationof (Cremastraappendiculata) from 1000m to 2000m, there is but also the best areas ecological adaptationof (Cremastraappendiculata) from 1300m to 1700m; because there are results that there arenot only dynamics of different air environmental factors, there are but alsodynamics of different soil environmental factors from 500m to 3100mby the dynamics of biomass of roots cuticle of this species in Mei Countyat STEDS (Figure 2).

Fourthly, this research proposed that medicinal plant species(*Cremastraappendiculata*) is local in the six typical ecosystem types (forestationecosystem, mixed ecosystem between forestation



and grassland, mixed ecosystem between forestation and wetland, mixed ecosystem between forestation and river, mixed ecosystem between forest and urban, mixed ecosystem between forestation and rural settlement) by the "big data" ofbiomass of roots cuticle of medicinal plant species investing along elevation, because there may be results that there arenot only dynamics of air environments, there are but alsodynamics of soil environmental factors from 500m to 3100malong environmental factors of different elevation at STEDS in *Mei County* of China.

Indeed, better regional regulators and local government need better planning and regulation a lot of medicinal plant management sustainability of ecosystemsby the researches on biomass of roots cuticle along elevation and environments with dynamics of biodiversity in the global, local, regional natural ecosystem types with the ways "big data"investigation, quantitative statistics, scientific analysis for better future of vegetation ecosystems and human health at the STEDS<sup>27-40</sup>.

Thus, this research found a series oftypical (good, better, best) areas ecological adaptation of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) of treating lumbago and arthritis along elevation gradient, as well as there is the links betweenfresh biomass weight of this medical species and elevation gradient.

#### **Conclusion and Discussion**

Understandingmedicinalplant species is difficult in landscape at STEDS<sup>1-8,41-47</sup>. This research suggested threerulesbetweenroots cuticlebiomass of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation:

1. This research suggested that there is increasing of biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) with increasing of elevation from 500m to 1500m, as well as there is decreasing of biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) with increasing of elevation from 1500m to 3100m (Figure 2). There is the significant positive correlation between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation from 500m to 1500m (P<0.01) as well as there is the significant negative correlation between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation from 500m to 1500m (P<0.01) as well as there is the significant negative correlation between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation from 1500m to 3100m (P<0.01) (Table 2).

2. This research provides six vegetation types (forestation vegetation, mixed vegetation between forestation and grassland, mixed vegetation between forestation and wetland, mixed vegetation between forestation and river, mixed vegetation between forest and urban, mixed vegetation between forestation and rural settlement), as well as there is a series of areas ecological adaptation(a goodareas ecological adaptationofCremastraappendiculatafrom 500m to 3100,the better areaecological adaptationof Cremastra appendiculata from 1000m to 2000m, the best areas ecological adaptationofCremastraappendiculatafrom1300m 1700m )for to finding(Cremastraappendiculata)bydynamics biomass cuticle of of roots of (Cremastraappendiculata) at STEDS.

3. (*Cremastraappendiculata*)not only is a vitalmedicinal materialof treating lumbago and arthritis, but also it is belonging to *Cremastragenus* of Orchidaceaefamilies of Monocotyledoneae in Angiospermae, as well as it is widely distributed wide speciebythe "big data" investigation of biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*)in *Mei County* of Chinaat STEDS.

Therefore, this research has a vital theoretical and practical significance for the reasonable protection of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) along different elevation gradient in the different ecosystems, because this plant species not only is an important widely distributed wide medicinal material pant by treating lumbago and arthritis, but also there are three rules by the links between biomass of roots cuticle of (*Cremastraappendiculata*) and elevation in *Mei County* of China.

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